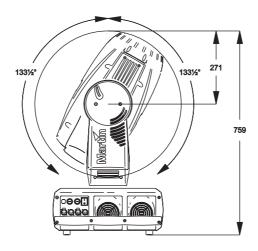
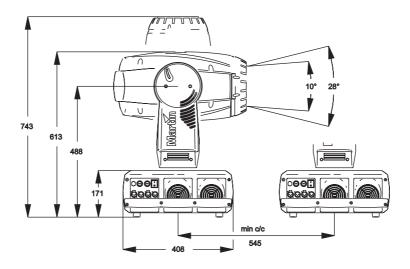
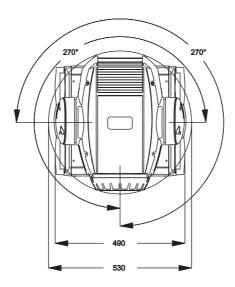
MAC 2000 Performance II

user manual









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INTRODUCTION

Thank you for selecting the MAC 2000 Performance II. The MAC 2000 Performance II is a 1200 W moving head spotlight that provides CMY color mixing, continuous color correction (CTC), four-blade framing system, motorized iris, gobo wheel with five indexable rotating gobos, indexable gobo animation wheel, effect wheel with 3 effects (wide-angle converter lens, non-rotating nine-facet prism and variable frost), combined dimmer/shutter, focus, zoom, 540° of pan, and 267° of tilt. The MAC 2000 Performance II has an electronic ballast that provides flicker-free operation, an economic power-saving mode. and an auto-ranging switch-mode power supply (SMPS) that removes the need for manual adjustments to the transformer or ballast.

For the latest firmware updates, documentation, and other information about this and all Martin Professional products, please visit the Martin web site at http://www.martin.dk.

Safety information

Warning! This product is for professional use only. It is not for household use.

This product presents risks of lethal or severe injury due to fire and heat, electric shock, ultraviolet radiation, lamp explosion, and falls. **Read this manual** before powering or installing the fixture, follow the safety precautions listed below and observe all warnings in this manual and printed on the fixture. If you have questions about how to operate the fixture safely, please contact your Martin dealer or call the Martin 24-hour service hot line at +45 70 200 201.

Protection from electric shock

- Disconnect the fixture from AC power before removing or installing the lamp, fuses, or any part, and when not in use.
- Always ground (earth) the fixture electrically.
- Use only a source of AC power that complies with local building and electrical codes and has both overload and ground-fault protection.
- Do not expose the fixture to rain or moisture.
- Refer any service operation not described in this manual to a qualified technician.

Protection from UV radiation and lamp explosion

- Never operate the fixture with missing or damaged lenses and/or covers.
- When replacing the lamp, allow the fixture to cool for at least 15 minutes before opening the fixture or removing the lamp. Protect your hands and eyes with gloves and safety glasses.
- Do not stare directly into the light. Never look at an exposed lamp while it is lit.
- Replace the lamp if it becomes defective or worn out, or before usage exceeds the maximum service life.

Protection from burns and fire

- Never attempt to bypass the thermostatic switch or fuses. Always replace defective fuses with ones of the specified type and rating.
- Keep all combustible materials (for example fabric, wood, paper) at least 1.0 meter (39 inches) away from the fixture. Keep flammable materials well away from the fixture.
- Do not illuminate surfaces within 1.0 meter (39 inches) of the fixture.
- Provide a minimum clearance of 0.1 meters (4 inches) around fans and air vents.
- Never place filters or other materials over the lens.
- The exterior of the fixture can get very hot. Allow the fixture to cool for at least 5 minutes before handling.
- Do not modify the fixture or install other than genuine Martin parts.
- Do not operate the fixture if the ambient temperature (Ta) exceeds 40° C (104° F).

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Protection from injury due to falls

- Do not lift or carry the fixture alone.
- When suspending the fixture, verify that the structure can hold at least 10 times the weight of all installed devices.
- Verify that all external covers and rigging hardware are securely fastened and use an approved means of secondary attachment such as a safety cable.
- Block access below the work area whenever installing or removing the fixture.

TRANSPORTATION

Important! Release the transport locks before operating the fixture.

Included items

The MAC 2000 Performance II is shipped in a 1 or 2 unit flight case that contains the following items.

- · User manual
- 2 x 20 A main fuses (for use with 100-130 V local power supply)
- 2 x 15 A main fuses (for use with 200-250 V local power supply)
- 4 additional animation wheels
- 2 aluminium gobos
- 2 clamp attachment brackets
- XLR cable

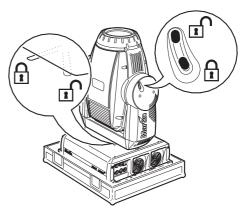


Figure 1: Pan and tilt locks

Transport locks

The head and yoke may be locked for transportation and service. The locks are shown in Figure 1. The fixture must be unlocked before operation.

Single flight case

Unpacking the fixture

- 1 Remove the top of the flight case.
- 2 With one person on each side, lift the fixture out of the bottom of the flight case.
- 3 Release the pan and tilt locks before operating.

Packing the fixture

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool.
- 2 Lock the head and yoke in the position shown in Figure 2.
- 3 Place the fixture in the bottom of the flight case. Place the top section over the fixture without forcing.

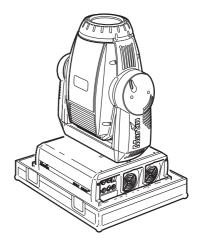


Figure 2: Single unit transport position

Double flight case

Unpacking

- 1 Open the flight case and pull the drawer all the way out.
- 2 Release the head (tilt) transport lock.
- 3 Install rigging hardware as described on page 13.
- 4 With one person on each side, lift the fixture out of the flight case.

Packing

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool.
- 2 Turn the yoke parallel to the sides of the base with the tilt lock closest to the back.
- 3 Pull the transport drawer all the way out. With one person on each side, place the fixture on the drawer with the arrow pointing in.
- 4 Remove and stow rigging hardware. Coil and stow the power cord in the door.
- 5 Tilt the head so that the lens points away from the door as shown in Figure 3. Lock the head in the horizontal position. Do not lock the yoke.
- 6 Slide the drawer all the way in without forcing. Close the flight case.

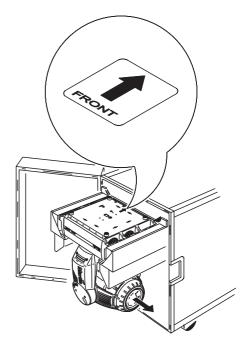


Figure 3: Double unit transport position

Setup for flight case testing

The double flight case has two slide-out arms from which the fixture can hang for testing and setting. Though unnecessary, the pan and tilt reset can be cancelled by pressing [Menu] and [Enter] at the same time when powering on.

- 1 Open the flight case and pull the drawer all the way out. Release the transport locks.
- 2 Pull the test arms all out. Tilt the fixture up and over the slide arms so that the handle cross-braces that are second from the back rest on the arms. The fixture should rest at an angle.
- 3 Push the transport drawer into the flight case.

LAMP

About the HMI 1200 W/S lamp

The MAC 2000 Performance II comes with a double-ended OSRAM HMI 1200 W/S discharge lamp installed. This highly-efficient short-arc source provides an exceptionally stable 6000K color temperature, a color rendering index greater than 90, and an average life of 750 hours.

The lamp is capable of hot restrike.

The ends of the lamp have specially-developed keys, shown in Figure 6, to ensure proper installation. Do not use HMI 1200 W/S lamps with the non-keyed SFc 10-4 base.

Warning! Installing any other lamp may create a safety hazard or damage the fixture!

The lamp has an average life of 750 hours. To reduce the risk of explosion, replace the lamp before usage exceeds 125% of the average life, i.e., before it exceeds 940 hours. To read lamp hours from the control panel, please refer to "Readouts" on page 15.

For optimum performance, avoid turning off the lamp before it has warmed up fully.

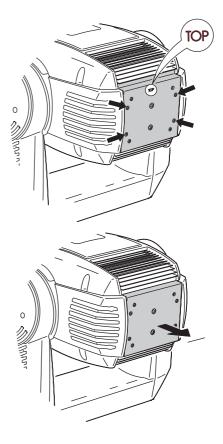


Figure 4: Lamp access

Lamp replacement

Important! Do not touch the quartz bulb with bare fingers.

Replacement lamps are available from your Martin dealer. Please order Martin P/N 97010304.

The clear quartz bulb must be clean and free of any oils from your fingers. Clean the lamp with an alcohol wipe and polish it with a dry cloth, particularly if you accidentally touch the bulb.

Replacing the lamp

- Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool. Lock the head horizontally with the top up.
- 2 See Figure 4. Release the 4 quarter-turn fasteners marked with arrows on the rear plate. Pull the lamp assembly straight back as far as it goes and let it rest in place.
- 3 See Figure 5. Pull the retention spring on the left end up and then swing the end of the lamp out. Pull the other end out of the socket.

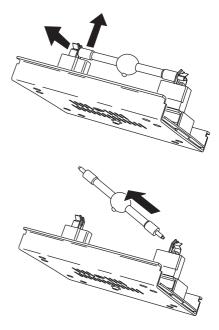


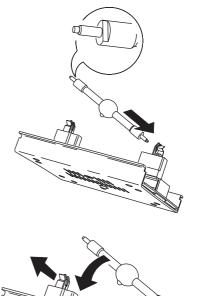
Figure 5: Lamp removal

Lamp 9

- 4 See Figure 6. With the nipple on the bulb facing the back, insert the right end of the new lamp in the socket. Pull up on the left spring and snap the other end into place.
- 5 Lift the lamp assembly so that lamp is level with the center of the reflector. Push the assembly straight in until it seats, making sure the lamp passes through the reflector opening. Lock the 4 quarter-turn fasteners.
- 6 When installing a new lamp, reset the lamp hour and lamp strike counters as described in "Time" on page 15.

Aligning the lamp

- 1 Switch on the MAC 2000 Performance II and allow it to reset. Using either a controller or the control module, turn on the lamp and project an open white beam on a flat surface.
- 2 Center the hot spot vertically using the top Allen-head adjustment screw in the center of the rear plate.
- 3 If there is significant hot spot, turn the bottom adjustment screw counterclockwise until the light is evenly distributed. If the light is brighter around the edge than it is in the center, or if light output is low, turn the bottom adjustment screw clockwise until the light is bright and evenly distributed.
- 4 Repeat step 2.



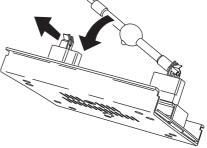


Figure 6: Lamp insertion

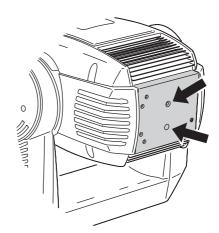


Figure 7: Lamp adjustment

AC POWER

WARNING! For protection from electric shock, the fixture must be grounded (earthed). The AC mains supply shall be fitted with a fuse or circuit breaker and ground-fault protection.

Important! Verify the power supply settings before applying power.

The chapter describes:

- · Installing fuses
- Power supply adjustments for the various MAC 2000 Performance II models
- Connection to a power supply (see page 11)
- The reduced power function (see page 11)

Fuses

The MAC 2000 Performance II comes with two:

- 20 AT (time delay) main fuses for use with AC supplies of 100 120 volts.
- 15 A main fuses for use with AC supplies of 200 250 volts.
 Install the appropriate fuses in the holders near the power switch.

Power supply adjustments

The MAC 2000 Performance II (identified as such by the label on the base of the product) comes with an electronic ballast and an auto-sensing, auto-ranging switch-mode power supply. Manual adjustments to the transformer or ballast are not necessary as the MAC 2000 Performance II automatically adapts to the mains voltage and frequency.

Power connection

Important! Connect the MAC 2000 Performance II directly to AC power. Do not connect it to a dimmer system; doing so may damage the fixture.

You may need to install a cord cap that fits your supply on the power cable. A 3-prong grounding-type plug must be installed following the manufacturer's instructions. The table shows some possible pin identification schemes; if the pins are not clearly identified, or if you have any doubts about proper installation, consult a qualified electrician.

To apply power, set the power switch on the base to the "I" position.

Wire Color	Pin	Symbol	Screw (US)
brown	live	L	yellow or brass
blue	neutral	N	silver
yellow/green	ground	<u></u>	green

Table 1: Cord cap connections

Reduced power function

The MAC 2000 Performance II has an automatic power reduction function, which reduces the consumption to 700W if the shutter/dimmer is closed for more than 10 seconds. This not only increases the lamp life, but also further decreases the overall noise emission of the fixture.

AC power 11

DATA

Important! Never connect more than 1 data input and 1 data output.

The MAC 2000 Performance II has both 3-pin and 5-pin XLR sockets for DMX input and output. The pin-out on all sockets is pin 1 to shield, pin 2 to cold (-), and pin 3 to hot (+). There is no connection to pins 4 and 5.

The sockets are wired in parallel: both inputs connect to both outputs. For reliable data transmission and to avoid damage to the fixture, however, use one input and one output!

Connecting fixtures

- Use shielded twisted-pair cable designed for RS-485 devices: standard microphone cable cannot transmit
 control data reliably over long runs. 24 AWG cable is suitable for runs up to 300 meters (1000 ft). Heavier
 gauge cable and/or an amplifier is recommended for longer runs.
- Never use both outputs to split the link. To split the serial link into branches use a splitter such as the Martin 4-Channel Opto-Isolated RS-485 Splitter/Amplifier.
- Do not overload the link. Up to 32 devices may be connected on a serial link.
- Terminate the link by installing a termination plug in the output socket of the last fixture. The termination
 plug, which is a male XLR plug with a 120 ohm, 0.25 watt resistor soldered between pins 2 and 3, "soaks
 up" the control signal so it does not reflect and cause interference. If a splitter is used, terminate each
 branch of the link.
- Martin fixtures introduced before 1997 have reversed polarity data sockets (pin 2 hot and pin 3 cold). The
 socket polarity is labelled. Use a phase-reversing cable between the MAC 2000 Performance II and any
 Martin device with reversed polarity.

Connecting the data link

- 1 Connect the DMX data input from the controller to the MAC 2000 Performance II's 3-pin or 5-pin input (male) socket.
- 2 Using the sockets that match your data cable, connect the output of the fixture closest to the controller to the input of the next fixture.
- 3 Insert a male 120 Ω XLR termination plug in the 3-pin or 5-pin output of the last fixture on the link.

RIGGING

The MAC 2000 Performance II can be placed on stage or clamped to a truss in any orientation. The Fast-Lock system enables quick and easy fastening of the clamp brackets in 4 positions as shown Figure 8.

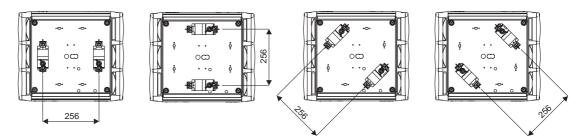


Figure 8: Clamp bracket positions

Warning! Always use 2 clamps to rig the fixture. Lock each clamp with both 1/4-turn fasteners. The fasteners are locked only when turned fully clockwise.

Warning! Attach an approved safety cable to the attachment hole in the base. Never use the carrying handles for secondary attachment.

Clamping the fixture to a truss

- 1 Verify that the rigging clamps (not included) are undamaged and can bear at least 10 times the weight of the fixture. Verify that the structure can bear at least 10 times the weight of all installed fixtures, clamps, cables, auxiliary equipment, etc.
- 2 Bolt each clamp securely to a clamp bracket with an M12 bolt (grade 8.8 or better) and lock nut.
- 3 Align a clamp with 2 mounting points in the base. Insert the fasteners into the base and turn both levers a full 1/4-turn clockwise to lock. Install the second clamp.
- 4 If the truss can be lowered, fixtures can be clamped on directly from the double flight case. If the fixture must be lifted, block access under the work area. Working safely from a stable platform, hang the fixture on the truss with the arrow towards the area to be illuminated. Tighten the rigging clamps.
- 5 Install a safety wire that can bear at least 10 times the weight of the fixture. The attachment point is designed to fit a caribiner clamp.
- 6 Verify that the pan and tilt locks are released. Verify that there are no combustible materials or surfaces to be illuminated within 1 meter of the fixture, and that there are no flammable materials nearby.

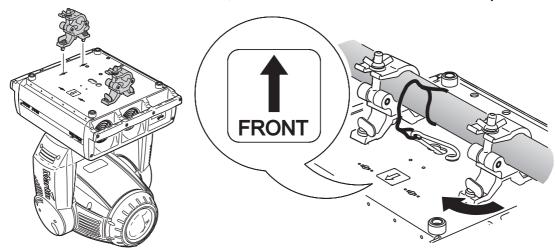


Figure 9: Rigging hardware installation

Rigging 13

CONTROL PANEL

The LED control panel is used to set the address and personalities, read lamp hours and other information, calibrate effects, and run a test routine. Most of these functions may be performed remotely via the serial link with the Martin MP-2 Uploader.

Navigation

The DMX address and any messages (see page 51) are displayed when the MAC 2000 Performance II is turned on. To enter the menu, press [Menu]. Press [Up] and [Down] to move within the menu. To select a function or submenu, press [Enter]. To escape a function or menu, press [Menu]. See Table 2 on page 45 for a complete list of the menu items.

Note: [Enter] must be pressed and held for a few seconds to enter the utilities menu.

DMX address and protocol setting

The DMX address, also known as the start channel, is the first channel used to receive instructions from the controller. For independent control, each fixture must be assigned its own control channels. Two MAC 2000 Performance IIs may share the same address, however, if identical behavior is desired. Address sharing can be useful for diagnostic purposes and symmetric control, particularly when combined with the inverse pan and tilt options.

Two DMX protocols, 8-bit and 16-bit, are available. The 8-bit mode uses 28 control channels and provides full basic control. The 16-bit mode uses 3 additional channels to provide finer gobo and pan/tilt positioning.

Setting the DMX address and protocol

- 1 Press [Menu] to enter the main menu.
- 2 Press [Up] until AddR is displayed. Press [Enter]. To snap to channel 1, press [Enter] and [Up]. Scroll to the desired channel and press [Enter].
- 3 Select PSET from the main menu and press [Enter]. Select 8bit or 16bt and press [Enter].

Tailoring performance

Movement

The MAC 2000 Performance II provides six options for optimizing movement for different applications.

- The protocol setting (PSET) setting selects 8-bit or finer 16-bit control of pan, tilt, and gobo index.
- The pan and tilt invert (PATI) menu swaps and/or inverts pan and tilt.
- The pan/tilt speed (PTSP) menu provides 3 settings: FAST, NORM, and SLOW. NORM is best for most applications. FAST provides better performance in applications where speed is most important. SLOW provides the smoothest movement and is best in long-throw applications with slow movements through narrow angles.
- The studio mode (STUd) setting optimizes all effects besides pan and tilt for speed or quietness.
- The shortcuts (SCUT) setting determines whether the gobo, and effect wheels always take the shortest path between two static positions or oscillate between outer positions.

Tracking Response

The MAC 2000 Performance II has a filter algorithm that looks at several position updates in tracking control mode and calculates the ideal response for smooth movement. Tracking response is adjustable to compensate for variations in controller performance. In most cases the default settings work well.

If tracking mode movement is not satisfactory there are 2 parameters that can be adjusted. The first is selected under PERS/TRAC/MOdE. The default, MOd1, is the best choice with controllers that calculate intermediate

positions at a steady rate. Begin by selecting the alternative, MOd 2, which is better if the intermediate positions stray significantly from the line of travel.

The second parameter is the number of position updates used to calculate speed. The level is adjustable between 1 and 10 under PERS/TRAC/CAL. Increasing the number of samples increases the distance over which speed is calculated, making movement smoother but less responsive to sudden changes. Experiment for best results.

Display

The display intensity (dINT) setting controls display brightness. The display on/off setting (dISP) determines whether the display remains on or extinguishes two minutes after the last key-press. To flip the display, press [Up] and [Down] simultaneously.

Lamp

There are two settings that modify lamp control: Automatic Lamp On (ALON) and DMX Lamp Off (DLOF).

When ALON is off, the lamp remains off until a "lamp on" command is received from the controller. When ALON is on, the lamp strikes automatically after the fixture is powered on. When ALON is set to DMX, the lamp strikes automatically when the fixture receives DMX data, and it extinguishes 15 minutes after DMX data is lost.

When ALON is set to either ON or DMX, the automatic lamp strike timing is staggered to prevent all lamps from striking at once. The delay is determined by the fixture address.

If striking lamps from the controller, note that striking many lamps at once may cause a voltage drop large enough to prevent lamps from striking or trip the main circuit breaker. Avoid this by programming a "lamp on" sequence that strikes lamps one at a time at 5 second intervals.

Power to the lamp can be turned off from the controller if DMX Lamp Off (dLOF) is on.

DMX reset

The fixture can be reset from the controller if DMX reset (PERS/dRES) is ON.

Custom settings

The custom configuration function allows you to save and recall three sets of fixture settings. The savable settings are DMX mode, pan/tilt speed, pan/tilt inverse and swap, DMX lamp off and reset, display settings, shortcuts, studio mode, automatic lamp on, effects feedback, tracking algorithm, and tracking samples.

Readouts

Note: The MP-2 Uploader provides commands to display the time, temperature, and version readouts on the fixture control panel.

Time

INFO/TIME provides readouts of fixture hours (HRS), lamp hours (L HR), and lamp strikes (L ST). Under each item is a resettable (RSET) increment counter and a non-resettable counter for total accumulated hours/strikes since fabrication (TOTL). To reset an increment counter, display it and then press [Up] until it reads 0. (This may also be done remotely using the MP-2 Uploader.)

Temperature

INFO / TEMP provides readouts of the head and base temperature in Celsius and Fahrenheit.

Firmware version

INFO / VER displays the version number of the installed firmware. The firmware version is also displayed briefly at startup.

DMX

The DMXL menu shows the DMX start code (STCO) and DMX values received for each effect.

Service messages

The Service LED on the control panel lights under conditions that require fixture service, and there is a message describing the service required. To display the message, select SMSG in the main menu. This item is available only when the LED is lit. There are two service messages.

Replace lamp is displayed when the lamp counter exceeds 750 hours, which is the rated average life for the HMI 1200 W/S lamp. The maximum service life is 125% of the average life, or 940 hours.

Fixture overheating is displayed when the head temperature exceeds 120° C (248° F). Overheating is likely due to dirty air filters, fans, or air vents; incorrect power supply settings, or a defective fan.

Service utilities

Important! Enter must be held for several seconds to access the utilities menu.

Test sequences

TSEQ provides a general test of all effects that can be run without a controller. UTIL/PCBt provides routines for circuit board testing that are for service use only.

Feedback toggles

An on-the-fly position correction system monitors the gobo wheel, gobos, and effect wheel. If a position error is detected, the shutter closes while the effect resets. This feature can be disabled by turning effects feedback (UTIL/EFFb) off.

The automatic pan/tilt position correction system may be temporarily turned off under UTIL/FEDA. The off setting, however, is not saved and the system will be re-enabled the next time the fixture starts. If the system cannot correct the pan/tilt position within 10 seconds, feedback is automatically disabled.

Adjustment

The adjustment menu (UTIL/Adj) provides manual control for making mechanical adjustments. See page 49.

Calibration

The calibration menu ($\mathtt{UTIL}/\mathtt{CAL}$) provides utilities to define offsets in software that are relative to the mechanical reset or home positions. This allows you to fine tune optical alignment and achieve uniform performance between fixtures. Dimmer and zoom are calibrated to defined points. The other effects are calibrated relative to an arbitrary reference fixture.

Default offset settings may be restored by selecting default offsets (UTIL/dFOF).

Calibrating effects

- 1 Apply power but do not strike the lamp until zoom has been calibrated.
- 2 To calibrate zoom, first remove the bottom head cover. Select UTIL/CAL/ZOOF and press [Enter]. Adjust the offset until the face of the zoom lens plate is flush with the back edge of the focus plate (Figure 10). Press [Enter] to save the setting. Replace the bottom head cover.
- 3 Pan calibration is most useful when multiple fixtures are stacked vertically. To calibrate, set zoom, focus, iris, and tilt position for easy one-over-the-other comparison and set each fixture to the same pan DMX value. Select one fixture to be the reference fixture. On the other fixtures, select UTIL/CAL/P OF and press [Enter]. Adjust the offset as necessary to align the beam with the reference beam. Press [Enter] to save the setting.
- 4 Tilt calibration is most useful when multiple fixtures are arranged horizontally. To calibrate, set zoom, focus, iris, and pan position for easy side-by-side comparison and set each fixture to the same tilt DMX value. Select one fixture to be the reference fixture. On the other fixtures, select UTIL/CAL/T OF and press [Enter]. Adjust the offset as necessary to align the beam with the reference beam. Press [Enter] to save the setting.

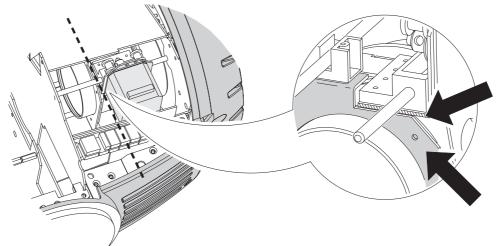


Figure 10: Zoom calibration point

- 5 To calibrate the dimmer, select UTIL/CAL/D OF and press [Enter]. Hold a piece of paper over the lens. Set the offset to 0 and then increase it until light is clearly projected onto the paper. Press [Enter] to save the setting. Remove the paper.
- To calibrate color mixing flags (cyan, magenta, yellow, and color temperature correction), project white beams with no dimming and position them for easy comparison. On each fixture, *including the reference*, select UTIL/CAL/C OF and press [Enter]. (This adds a defined amount of cyan.) Select one fixture to be the reference. Adjust the offsets on the other fixtures to match the reference color. Press [Enter] to save the setting. Repeat for M OF (magenta), Y OF (yellow), and CTOF (CTC).
- 7 Focus calibration is useful when two or more fixtures are the same distance from a projection surface. To calibrate focus, set up all fixtures with the same focus, zoom, dimming, iris, and gobo values. Select a focussed fixture to be the reference. On the other fixtures, select UTIL/CAL/FOOF and press [Enter]. Adjust the offset to focus the image. Press [Enter] to save the setting.

Software upload

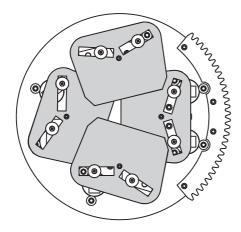
The software update mode is normally engaged automatically by the upload device.

EFFECTS

The MAC 2000 Performance II is compatible with USITT DMX512 controllers. The fixture has two DMX operating modes, 8-bit and 16-bit. 16-bit mode requires three more DMX channels than 8-bit mode but provides more precise gobo indexing and pan/tilt positioning. All other functions are identical. The complete DMX protocol begins on page 38.

Framing shutters

Optimized for use in theater, the MAC 2000 Performance II features a fully automated, micro-adjusting framing shutter blade system. For accurate illumination of stage props and scenery, this framing system slices the beam into angled shapes.



The system comprises four shutter blades, arranged in two layers. With this 2-layer system, the MAC 2000 Performance II has been designed to project shapes with crisp, sharp edges.

Each blade can be swiveled +/- 30 degrees, and the entire module rotates 90 degrees. We recommend that the angle of each blade, and the alignment of the entire module be set to 50% of their DMX value. This will set the frame positioning upright, and the shutter blades at right angles. Refer to the "DMX protocol" on page 38 for the specific channels.

Directly attached to the framing system is the iris. You can use either the iris or the framing system, or both together.

Gobos

The gobo wheel provides room for 5 gobos. See page 31 to change gobos.

Gobos may be rotated and shaken at varying speeds and indexed to any position. Extremely accurate positioning is available in 16-bit mode.

The gobo and type of rotation (indexed or continuous, with or without shake) are selected on the wheel's Gobo & Function Channel, which also provide commands for continuous wheel rotation. The gobo position index and rotation speed are selected on its Position/Velocity Channel. In 16-bit mode, the position is further adjusted on the wheel's Fine Position Channel.

Gobo animation system

The gobo animation system is designed to create animated effects such as flames, sky and water imaging. The MAC 2000 Performance II comes with 5 replaceable gobo animation wheels, which are magnetically attached to the motor

shaft, and which can be quickly changed. The gobo animation wheel pivots to allow horizontal, vertical, and angled effects, such as rising flames or windswept clouds.

Via your DMX controller, you can control both the starting position of the animation disc and its rotation direction and speed. The animation disc can be set to run continuously or to run in an indexing mode, which will be of great use if you are using custom animation discs with text or company logos. You are also able to choose the angle at which the disc has its starting position, be it horizontally aligned, vertically aligned, or anywhere in between.

For information about:

- Using the gobo animation effects, see "Animation guide" on page 21
- Changing the installed gobo animation wheel, see "Gobo animation" on page 34

Dimming and strobe

The mechanical dimmer/shutter system provides smooth, high-resolution 100 percent dimming, instant open and blackout, random and variable strobe effects up to 10 Hz, and random and variable pulses in which the dimmer snaps open and slowly dims or snaps closed and slowly opens.

Color mixing

The color mixing system uses continuous dichroic cyan, magenta, and yellow (CMY) color filters. It is a subtractive system that removes color from white light. Inserting all three filters results in loss of light: for maximum brightness, mix 2 colors at a time.

Color temperature correction

The color temperature correction (CTC) system uses a continuous 0 - 178 mireds color filter that lowers the color temperature from 6000 K to 2900 K.

Effect wheel

The effect wheel provides a variable frost filter and two slots that house a wide angle converter lens (beam expander) and a nine-facet prism.

Iris

The iris closes down to 15 percent of its full-open diameter with high, 200-step resolution. The Iris Channel also provides random and variable speed pulsating iris effects.

Focus and zoom

The focus lens focusses the beam from approximately 2 meters (6.5 feet) to infinity. The zoom lens widens the beam from approximately 10° at full spot to 28° at full flood.

Pan and tilt

The yoke pans 540° and the head tilts 267°. For maximum positioning accuracy, select 16-bit mode.

Effects 19

The pan/tilt speed (fast, norm, or slow) may be selected on the pan/tilt speed channel. Setting the pan/tilt speed channel to "blackout" causes the shutter to black out the light while the head is moving.

Speed control

There are two ways to control the speed at which effects move from one static position to another. These are known as tracking control and vector control and are selected on the Pan/Tilt Speed and Effect Speed Channels. These channels are independent so you may, for example, combine a vector control pan movement with a tracking control color fade.

In tracking mode, speed is determined by the cross-fade time. The controller continuously sends small position changes that the fixture "tracks." To enable tracking mode, set the relevant speed channel to a tracking value. Note that in addition to enabling tracking control, some tracking values also provide overrides of the menu settings.

In vector mode, speed is set directly on a speed channel. *The cross-fade time must be 0*. Vector control provides a way to set speed on controllers that do not have programmable fade times and results in smooth movement regardless of the cross-fade time or the controller's processing power.

To open the iris slowly in tracking mode, for example, you program a scene with the iris fully closed and a second scene with the iris fully open. Then you set a cross-fade time between the two scenes of, say, 10 seconds. The controller gradually changes the iris position value from 199 (closed) to 0 (open).

To open the iris slowly in vector mode, you program the iris closed and open as before. Then you set the cross-fade time to 0 and program a slow speed, in the second scene, on the Effect Speed Channel.

ANIMATION GUIDE

This chapter is designed to help you get as much as possible from the gobo animation system in your MAC 2000 Performance II. It contains a section on general animation tips, an overview of the animation disc designs available, and a number of examples of different effects that can easily be created using your animation system.

To achieve most of the effects you will use both an animation disc and a regular gobo. Throughout this guide we have used DHA Lighting in the United Kingdom as the reference for the regular gobos. All of the gobo numbers and designs mentioned belong to the standard range available from DHA Lighting. Their contact details are:

DHA Lighting Limited 284-302, Waterloo Road London, SE1 8RQ United Kingdom

Tel: +44 207 771 2900 Fax: +44 207 771 2901

Internet: www.dhalighting.co.uk E-mail: sales@dhalighting.co.uk

Martin Professional A/S are extremely grateful to DHA Lighting for allowing us to use material previously published by them.

Note that there may be some small differences between the graphical images that you see in this guide and the final animation wheel or gobo designs when you use them, due to the difference in scale. However, we have tried to be as accurate as possible.

General animation tips

Via your DMX controller, you can control both the starting position of the animation disc and its rotation direction and speed. The animation disc can be set to run continuously or to run in an indexing mode, which will be of great use if you are using custom animation discs with text or company logos. You are also able to choose the angle at which the disc has its starting position, be it horizontally aligned, vertically aligned, or anywhere in between.

Choice of gobo

The gobo is the basis of the moving image and should be chosen first. It is worth noting, however, that useful and interesting effects can often be achieved with the most unlikely gobos, by projecting them out of focus.

Focus

With the gobo in hard focus the animation will not be optimized, movement is minimal and results will almost always be disappointing. Similarly with the animation disk in hard focus, you will see a far greater movement, but the gobo pattern will be lost. It is essential therefore to experiment with the focus in order to achieve the best effect. The precise quality of the result and the impression of the motions direction will also depend on the position of the focus.

Animation disc patterns

"Effects ideas" on page 24 describes the variations on the basic effect that individual disc patterns can produce.

Direction of movement

The flexible mounting system for the animation discs inside the MAC 2000 Performance II allow you, through DMX control, to position the wheel at any position through a 90 degree section of the disc. This means that effects can be produced with a horizontal movement - such as clouds, with a vertical movement - such as rising flames, or at any angle in between - such as driving rain. The angle of the rotation can be changed during your show via the DMX control of the fixture.

Note that for some animation effects, which are not strictly horizontal or vertical, you may find it necessary to flip the orientation of the complete head via the pan and tilt control channels to give your desired angle of animation. This will

depend on the orientation of the head when you began programming your fixture. If you find, for example, that your 'driving rain' effect is not driving the correct way, flip the orientation and if necessary, rotate the animation wheel in the opposite direction.

Through the DMX control you can select the wheel to operate in indexing mode, rather than continuously rotating. This is useful for any custom animation wheels that you may have made with text or logos. Custom animation wheels are available from the major gobo manufacturers, such as DHA Lighting in London.

Speed

The apparent speed of image movement depends not only on the disc rotation speed, but on the complexity of both the gobo and the disc patterns. Speeds suggested in the examples in this handbook are guidelines and are only intended as a starting point.

Color

The use of the dichroic CMY color changing system of the MAC 2000 Performance II can greatly enhance your animation effects. The system has been designed so that refraction across the beam will give slight variants in color, adding depth to your animations, particularly when using multiple dichroic colors. Some color tips are given in the 'EFFECTS IDEAS' section.

Animation discs and their uses

Five gobo animation wheels are supplied as standard with the MAC 2000 Performance II. The others mentioned here can be ordered from your Martin dealer.

Tangential breakup

The Tangential Breakup disc (P/N 62400215) produces a subtle rippling motion, particularly when moving parallel with the lines of the gobo. It is the most suitable for rising flames, flowing water and other effects where a single direction of movement is required.

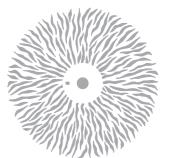
This animation wheel is supplied as standard with your MAC 2000 Performance II.



Radial breakup

The Radial Breakup disc (P/N 62400211) is perfect for providing a strong regular movement suitable for flickering flames, water ripples, reflected water and shimmers for heat haze or mirage effects.

This animation wheel is supplied as standard with the MAC 2000 Performance II.



Spiral breakup

The Spiral Breakup disc (P/N 62400216) pattern is very similar to the Radial Breakup disc, but has some movement at right angles to the main motion, as is seen in wind blown rain, snow, or flames. It is particularly worth experimenting with the angle of the gobo and the orientation of the disc to achieve all the possibilities with this pattern.

This animation wheel is supplied as standard with the MAC 2000 Performance II.



Linear breakup

The Linear Breakup disc (P/N 62400223) provides rhythmic movement and can be used to simulate a breeze through the branches of a tree or the rhythmic undulations of sea waves.



Triangle breakup

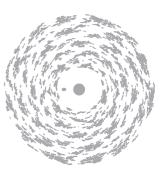
The Triangle Breakup disc (P/N 62400225) gives a more pronounced and rapid rhythmic effect than the Linear Breakup disc, and is suitable for use as psychedelic effects or for a rough sea effect.



Cloud breakup

The Cloud Breakup disc (P/N 62400213) is designed for a softer directional movement particularly at slow or very slow speeds. It is suitable for cloud effects with cloud gobos or for a soft slow-flowing stream effect.

This animation wheel is supplied as standard with the MAC 2000 Performance II.



Elliptical breakup

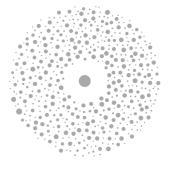
The Elliptical Breakup disc (P/N 62400221) produces a bidirectional movement similar to the Spiral Breakup, but with constantly changing direction of movement. This is specifically useful for snow or similar effects where flurries of movement would be expected.



Dot breakup

The Dot Breakup disc (P/N 62400214) gives you the opportunity to cause motion while maintaining a more focused projection of the gobo image. It is suggested for effects such as falling leaves or rising bubbles.

This animation wheel is supplied as standard with the MAC 2000 Performance II.



Flicker wheel

The Flicker Wheel (P/N 62400222) provides a different kind of effect and can be used at high speed for motion effects, such as passing trains. It can also be effectively used for just breaking up the beam of a fixture and for an organic strobe effect.



Coarse radial breakup

The Coarse Radial Breakup disc (P/N 62400224) is particularly effective for animating light from a non-focused source whilst providing a minimal loss in intensity due to the high 'white to black' ratio of the radial pattern. It is also effective for similar uses to the Radial Breakup disc.



Coarse tangential breakup

The Coarse Tangential Breakup disc $(P/N\ 62400226)$ can be used on its own in an unfocused form to give the image of flames. It can also be combined with gobos to give a drifting image to the projection.



Effects ideas

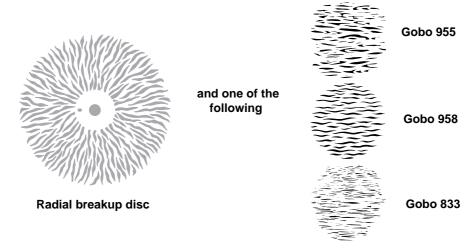
The ideas outlined here are intended as suggestions only. The precise look of any effect will depend on many factors including the focus setting of your MAC 2000 Performance II, the projection surface onto which the image is directed and any color mixing effects that you choose.

This section is divided into four:

- "Water effects" on page 25
- "Fire effects" on page 27
- "Clouds, rain and snow" on page 28
- "Other effects" on page 29

Water effects

RIPPLING WATER



Use slower speeds for gentler or more distant movement. For rough water, substitute a more 'wavy' gobo design such as DHA Lighting's 'Reflected Water 906', 'Flames-4 960', or 'Fire/Waves 238-275' and use the Coarse Radial Breakup animation disc or the Elliptical Breakup animation disc (for an irregular movement) combined with a higher rotation speed.

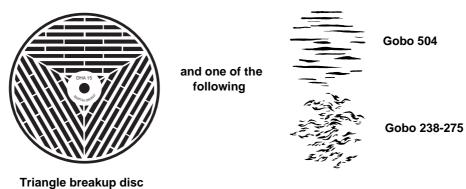
Alternative gobos:

Linear Breakups 401, 402, 501, 504 Shower 882

Alternative animation discs:

Coarse Radial Breakup gives a bolder movement Spiral Breakup adds some flowing movement

WAVES



As with any animation effect, the rotation speed and image focus will have a great effect on the final projection, so these parameters should be experimented with. With all water effects, it is possible to add an amount of cyan from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give both cyan and white color shifts as the image animates.

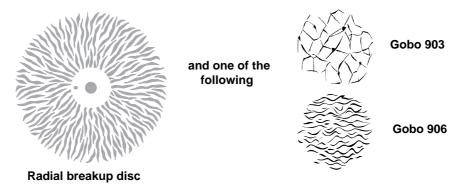
Alternative gobos:

Linear Breakups 401, 402, 501, 504 Reflected Water 906

Alternative animation discs:

Linear Breakup Elliptical Breakup gives an irregular rhythm

REFLECTED WATER

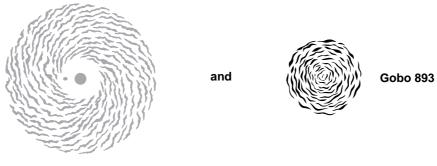


As with any animation effect, the rotation speed and image focus will have a great effect on the final projection, so these parameters should be experimented with. With all water effects, it is possible to add an amount of cyan from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give both cyan and white color shifts as the image animates.

Alternative animation disc:

Elliptical Breakup gives an irregular movement

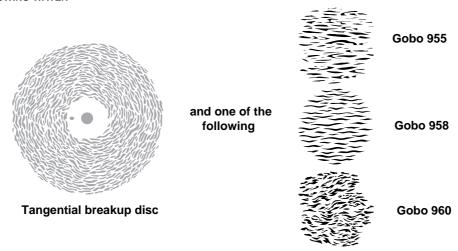
WHIRLPOOL



Spiral breakup disc

A whirlpool effect can be created effectively by leaving the gobo in a static position and just rotating the animation wheel. However, to give a more dynamic whirlpool effect, the gobo for this combination should also be rotated, in a counter direction to the animation wheel. Again differences in the focus and in particular with the speeds on this effect will give you a variety of different options. With all water effects, it is possible to add an amount of cyan from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give both cyan and white color shifts as the image animates.

FLOWING WATER



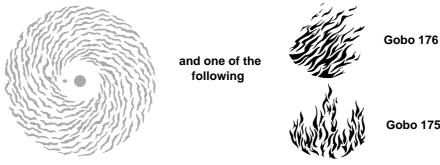
As with any animation effect, the rotation speed and image focus will have a great effect on the final projection, so these parameters should be experimented with. With all water effects, it is possible to add an amount of cyan from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give both cyan and white color shifts as the image animates.

Fire effects

The range of animation wheels available for the MAC 2000 Performance II is very versatile in producing fire and flame effects. Good results may be obtained from many of the designs together with any standard flame or fire gobo designs.

Here are a few ideas to get you started:

BLOWING FLAMES



Spiral breakup disc

As with any animation effect, the rotation speed and image focus will have a great effect on the final projection, so these parameters should be experimented with. With all fire and flame effects, it is possible to add an amount of magenta (approximately 70%) and yellow (approximately 90%) from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give orange, yellow and red color shifts as the image animates.

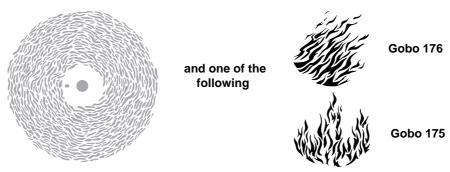
Alternative gobos:

Alternative animation discs:

Any of the fire or flame gobos from the standard range could be used in substitution for the above suggestions.

Elliptical Breakup gives an irregular movement Dot Breakup

RISING FLAMES 1



Tangential breakup disc

As with any animation effect, the rotation speed and image focus will have a great effect on the final projection, so these parameters should be experimented with. With all fire and flame effects, it is possible to add an amount of magenta (approximately 70%) and yellow (approximately 90%) from the color mixing system, which will diffract to give orange, yellow and red color shifts as the image animates.

Alternative gobos:

Any of the fire or flame gobos from the standard range could be used in substitution for the above suggestions.

RISING FLAMES 2



Coarse tangential breakup disc

Different to above, this animation gives a much stronger image of rising flames with the broader pattern on the disc. For this animation, it is possible to use the animation disk on its own to create the rising flame effect. You will need to set the focus away from the disk itself to enhance the effect. To give a different image, you could also add one of the standard fire or flame gobo designs.

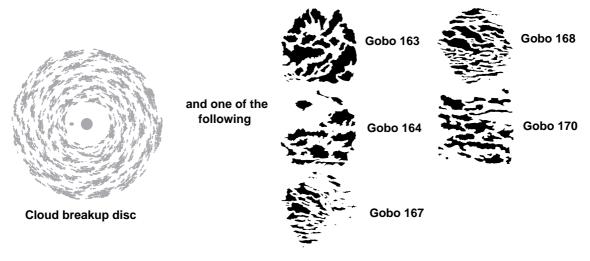
Alternative gobos:

Any of the fire or flame gobos from the standard range can be used.

Clouds, rain and snow

The versatility that you can achieve with the animation system of the MAC 2000 Performance II makes this an ideal tool for creating all sorts of weather effects.

CLOUDS

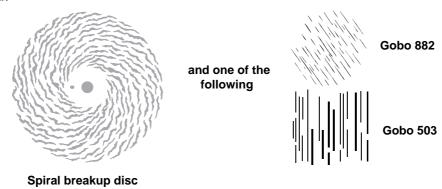


Once again, the speed and focus come greatly into play when creating your final effect, whether you wish to create soft flowing clouds on a summers night or gathering thunder clouds about to explode.

Alternative gobos:

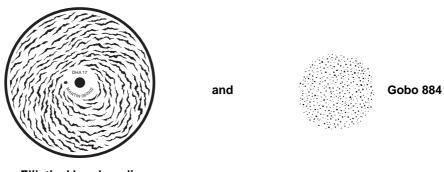
Use any non-meshed cloud gobo to create the desired effect that you need. You should choose your gobo based on the type and density of your desired effect.

RAIN



For driving rain, you should angle the gobo first using the indexing control and then align the animation wheel anywhere between the horizontal and vertical axis to provide the desired effect.

Snow



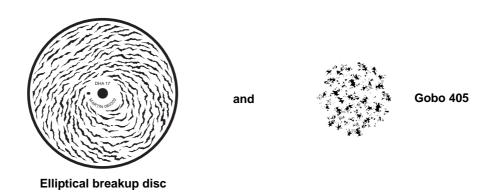
Elliptical breakup disc

This is a simple effect to set up, but looks excellent. The use of the prism on the effect wheel of the MAC 2000 Performance II will help diffuse the image, creating a more random effect, which adds a new dimension to the animation and is very effective in some situations.

Other effects

Here are some further examples of different animations that can be achieved with the MAC 2000 Performance II.

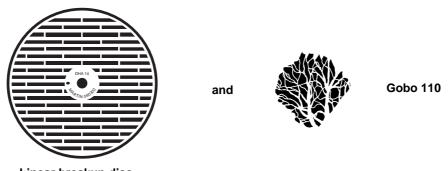
LIGHT THROUGH TREES



It is possible to use almost any of the animation discs to animate a breakup gobo such as this one. There is a wide range of breakup gobos available to choose from on the market today.

By using a combination of the cyan and yellow color mixing flags, you can create various shades of green which will diffract to give a variety of shades. You should adjust the values proportionately to give darker or lighter shades of green to your image.

TREE IN BREEZE



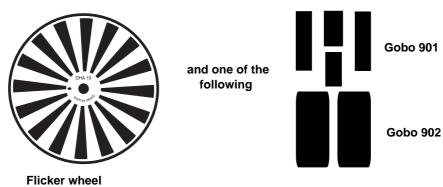
Linear breakup disc

By using a combination of the cyan and yellow color mixing flags, you can create various shades of green which will diffract to give a variety of shades. You should adjust the values proportionately to give darker or lighter shades of green to your image.

Alternative gobos:

There are a wide range of tree, branch and foliage gobos available which can all be animated to give very distinctive effects.

PASSING TRAIN



Adjusting the rotation speed of the animation wheel will give you a faster or slower 'flicker' effect depending on the speed of your train.

OPTICAL CONFIGURATION

Rotating gobo wheel

The MAC 2000 Performance II is supplied with 5 rotating gobos installed. Figure 11 shows the standard gobo configuration with the gobo positions marked.

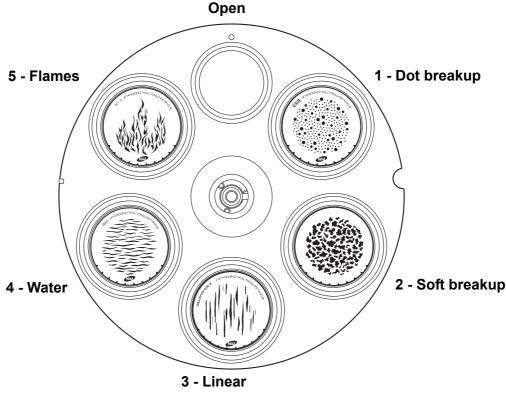
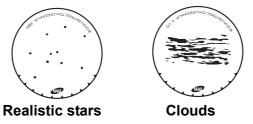


Figure 11: Standard rotating gobo wheel configuration as seen from lamp

The rotating gobos are magnetically indexed with a special indexing gobo holder in position 2 (the Soft Breakup gobo). The indexing gobo holder, which has a small magnet, must always be in position 2. If it is placed in a different position, the gobos will not index correctly. The indexing gobo holder accepts the same gobos as normal holders; any gobo suitable for the MAC 2000 may be placed in position 2.

Two additional aluminum gobos are supplied.



Gobo specifications

All gobo slots accept round theatrical size-E glass gobos. The rotating-gobo wheel positions hold gobos up to 3 mm thick with the gobo retention spring. Gobos thicker than 3 mm must be glued in the holder.

For the best results, custom glass gobos that meet the following criteria should be used:

Outside diameter:	
Maximum image diameter:	
Material:	High temperature Borofloat or better glass
Coating:	Dichroic or enhanced aluminum

Although glass gobos are generally the most durable, satisfactory results can be obtained in many applications at less expense with aluminum gobos. Our experience with the MAC 2000 Performance II, which is supplied with aluminum gobos, shows that aluminum can hold up to the heat very well. Custom stainless steel gobos can also be used, however they can warp, losing sharpness, in a matter of hours in the MAC 2000 Performance II. The useful life will depend on the gobo pattern and the projection cycle. Consult your gobo supplier for more information.

Orientation

GLASS GOBOS

Coated glass gobos are inserted with the coating against the rim of the holder (away from the spring). Textured gobos are inserted with the smooth side against the spring. This provides the best results when combining rotating gobos.

Coated side



When an object is held up to the coated side there is no space between the object and its reflection. The back edge of the gobo cannot be seen when looking through the coated side.

Uncoated side



When an object is held up to the uncoated side there is a space between the object and its reflection. The back edge of the gobo can be seen when looking through the uncoated side.

Figure 12: Finding the coated side

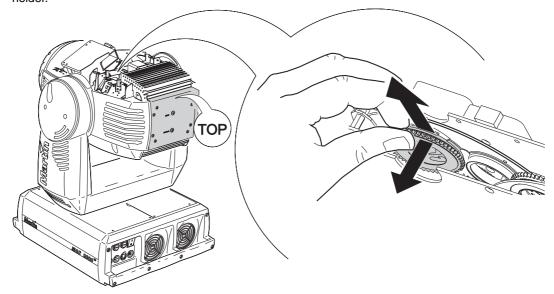
METAL GOBOS

For correct projection, install metal custom gobos with the true image facing the lamp. The false-image side (which faces away from the lamp) should be coated with a suitable high-temperature black paint to reduce reflections.

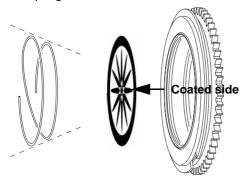
Replacing rotating gobos

Important! The gobo can fall out if the spring is inserted backwards.

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool.
- 2 Lock the head in the top side up position and remove the top cover. Turn the gobo wheels as required to access the desired position. Pull the gobo holder away from the wheel slightly to release. Remove the gobo holder.



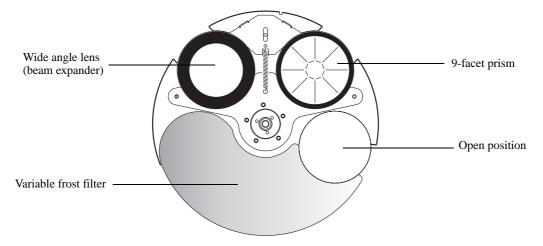
3 Remove the gobo retention spring from the gobo holder and drop the gobo out of the holder. Insert the new gobo in the holder. Insert the spring with the narrow end against the gobo. To identify the narrow end, press the spring flat: the narrow end is on the inside. Push the end of the spring in under the lip of the holder.



- 4 Work the rim of the gobo holder under both clips and snap the gobo holder back into position. If necessary, a small screwdriver or similar tool may be used to pry the clips away from the wheel.
- 5 Replace the cover and release the pan and/or tilt locks before operating.

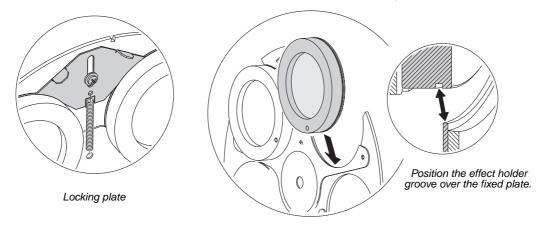
Effect wheel

The effect wheel provides a variable frost filter and two positions for effects. The MAC 2000 Performance II comes with a wide angle lens and a nine-fact prism installed in these positions.



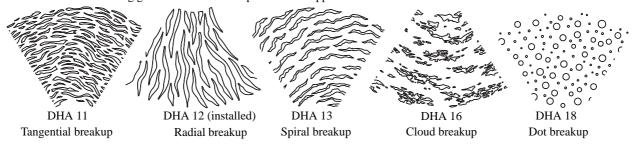
Replacing effects

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool.
- 2 Lock the head in the upside down position and remove the bottom cover. Turn the effect wheel so that the locking plate is under the sensor bracket.
- 3 To remove, hold the rim of the effect holder and pull back on the locking plate. Remove effect from wheel.
- 4 To insert, pull back on the locking plate. If both effects are removed, pull straight back on both tabs. Position the groove in the effect holder over the fixed plate. Release the locking plate and verify that the effect is properly seated.
- 5 Replace the bottom cover and unlock the head before operating.



Gobo animation

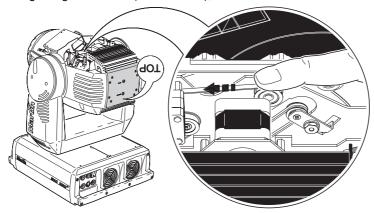
The following gobo animation wheel patterns are supplied with the MAC 2000 Performance II.



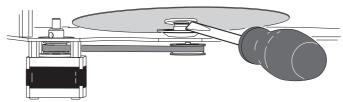
For information about using the gobo animation effects, see "Animation guide" on page 21.

Replacing the gobo animation wheel

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow it to cool.
- 2 Lock the head in the upside down position and remove the bottom cover.
- 3 Using a finger or thumb (as illustrated), move the installed animation wheel up.



4 The animation wheels are made of thin aluminum, so use a screw driver to release the wheel from the magnetic mount.



5 Take the wheel out by hand.



- 6 To insert a new wheel, place it over the mount, ensuring that the magnet that is fitted to the animation wheel is facing the mount. There is a small indexing position hole in each animation wheel and the indexing pin on the mount must be positioned in this hole.
- 7 Replace the bottom cover and unlock the head before operating

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

The MAC 2000 Performance II requires routine cleaning. The schedule depends heavily on the operating environment; please consult a Martin service technician for recommendations.

Refer all service not described here to a qualified Martin technician.

Important! Excessive dust, smoke fluid, and particulate buildup degrades performance and causes overheating and damage to the fixture that is not covered by the warranty.

Warning! Disconnect the fixture from power before removing any cover.

Cleaning

Use care when cleaning optical components and work in a clean, well lit area. The coated surfaces are fragile and easily scratched. Do not use solvents that can damage plastic or painted surfaces.

Inspect the air filters regularly and clean before they become clogged. Replace the air filters with new ones when replacing the lamp.

To maintain adequate cooling, dust must be cleaned from the fans and air vents periodically.

Cleaning optical components

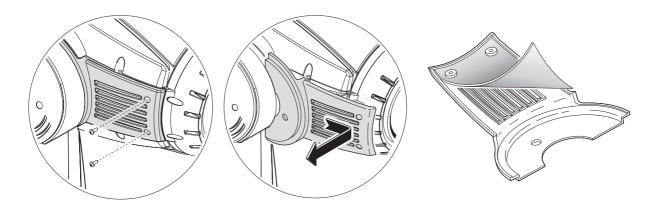
- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power and allow the components to cool completely. Remove the head cover.
- 2 Vacuum or gently blow away dust and loose particles with compressed air.
- 3 Remove stuck particles with an unscented tissue or cotton swab moistened with glass cleaner or distilled water. Do not rub the surface: lift the particles off with a soft repeated press.
- 4 Remove smoke and other residues with cotton swabs or unscented tissues moistened with isopropyl alcohol. A commercial glass cleaner may be used, but residues must be removed with distilled water. Clean with a slow circular motion from center to edge. Dry with a clean, soft and lint-free cloth or compressed air.

Cleaning the fan and air vents

Remove dust from the fans and air vents with a soft brush, cotton swab, vacuum, or compressed air.

Cleaning or replacing the air filters

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power. On each side of the head, remove the 2 screws that hold the side cover using a Torx-20 screwdriver. Slide the cover forward to remove. Lift the filter off of the cover.
- 2 Clean the filters with a vacuum or compressed air, or replace them. If they are saturated with smoke fluid, etcetera, soak them in warm soapy water and blot dry.
- 3 Place the filters on the covers and replace the covers.



Software installation

Software updates are installed in the MAC 2000 Performance II using a Martin MP-2 Uploader or a LightJockey 4064 DMX interface card. The procedure is found in the MP-2 user manual and the Martin Software Uploader online help file.

Requirements

The following are required in order to install software.

- The MAC 2000 Performance II update file, available for download from the User Support Area of the Martin web site (http://www.martin.dk).
- The Martin Software Uploader program, version 4.0 or later, available for download from the User Support Area of the Martin web site.
- A Martin MP-2 Uploader connected to a Windows 95/98/ME/2000/XP PC, or a LightJockey Controller (DJ or Club) with 4064 DMX Interface card.

Preventing software updates

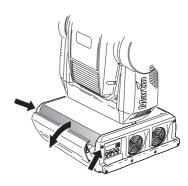
Software updates are enabled by default, but you can disable this by setting the Write jumper (see "Circuit board connections" on page 54) to disable.

Boot sector jumper

If the normal upload procedure does not work, or if the software update notes call for a boot sector update, move the boot sector jumper on the printed circuit board to the BOOT position before uploading software.

SETTING THE BOOT SECTOR JUMPER

- 1 Disconnect the fixture from power.
- 2 Remove the top screws from the ends of the front side panel and tilt the panel down to expose the main circuit board.
- 3 Using the appropriate diagram in "Circuit board connections" on page 54 or the label inside the base, locate the BOOT jumper (PL16). Move the jumper to the "BOOT" position.
- 4 Perform a boot mode upload. When the upload is complete, disconnect the fixture from power and move the jumper back to the locked or normal position.



DMX PROTOCOL

This section contains two DMX protocols (both from protocol version 1.0A):

- "16-bit protocol" on page 39
- "8-bit protocol" on page 42

The 16-bit is the default protocol that is used. To modify this use the control menu. For more information see "Control menu" on page 45.

16-bit protocol

DMX channel	Value	Percent	Function Start code = 0
			Shutter, Strobe, Reset, Lamp On/Off
	0 - 19	0 - 7	Shutter Closed (lamp reduced to 700 W (E-ballast) after 10 sec.)
	20 - 49	8 - 19	No function (Shutter Open)
	50 - 72	20 - 28	Strobe on fast->slow
	73 - 79	29 - 31	Shutter open, lamp reduced to 700 W (E-ballast)
	80 - 99	32 - 39	Pulse opening fast ->slow
	100 - 119	40 - 47	Pulse closing fast ->slow
	120 - 127	48 - 50	No function
	128 - 147	51 - 57	Random Strobe Fast
	148 - 167	58 - 65	Random Strobe Medium
1	168 - 187	66 - 73	Random Strobe Slow
1	188 - 190	74 - 74	No function
	191 - 193	75	Random pulse opening fast
	194 - 196	76	Random pulse opening slow
	197 - 199	77	Random pulse closing fast
	200 - 202	78 - 79	Random pulse closing slow
	203 - 207	80 - 81	No function
	208 - 217	82 - 85	Reset Fixture
	218 - 227	86 - 89	No function
	228 - 237	90 - 93	Lamp On (Power On)
	238 - 247	94 - 97	No Function
	248 - 255	98 - 100	Lamp Off (Power Off) Note : T > 5 seconds
			Intensity
2	0 - 255	0 - 100	0 – 100%
	0 - 233	0 - 100	
3	0 055	0 400	Cyan
	0 - 255	0 - 100	White -> Cyan
4			Magenta
7	0 – 255	0 - 100	White -> Magenta
-			Yellow
5	0 – 255	0 - 100	White -> Yellow
			СТС
6	0 – 255	0 - 100	White -> CTC
			Rotating gobo 1 selection
	0 – 9	0 - 3	Open gobo
	10 – 14	4 - 5	Gobo 1 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
	15 – 19	6 - 7	Gobo 2 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
	20 – 24	8 - 9	Gobo 3 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
	25 – 29	10 - 11	Gobo 4 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
	30 – 34	12 - 13	Gobo 5 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
	30 – 34	12 - 13	Gobbo 5 - Indexing (Set index on charmer o)
	35 – 39	14 - 15	Gobo 1 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
	35 – 39 40 – 44	_	Gobo 2 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
	-	16 - 17	
	45 – 49 50 – 54	18 - 19	Gobo 3 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
	50 – 54	20 - 21	Gobo 4 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
	55 – 59	22 - 23	Gobo 5 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
			Caba abaka (indaying)
-	00 74	04 00	Gobo shake (indexing)
7	60 – 74	24 - 29	Gobo 1 slow -> fast
	75 – 89	30 - 35	Gobo 2 slow -> fast
	90 – 104	36 - 41	Gobo 3 slow -> fast
	105 – 119	42 - 46	Gobo 4 slow -> fast
	120 – 134	47 - 52	Gobo 5 slow -> fast
	405	50	Gobo shake (continuous gobo rotation)
	135 – 149	53 - 58	Gobo 1 slow -> fast
	150 – 164	59 - 64	Gobo 2 slow -> fast
	165 – 179	65 - 70	Gobo 3 slow -> fast
	180 – 194	71 - 67	Gobo 4 slow -> fast
	195 – 209	77 - 82	Gobo 5 slow -> fast
			Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation)
	210 – 232	83 - 91	CW slow -> fast
	233 – 255	92 - 100	CCW fast -> slow
T.	•	•	

DMX channel	Value	Percent	Function Start code = 0
			Rotating gobo 1 index coarse, MSB (Set gobo selection on channel 7)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Index min> max
			Rotating gobo 1 cont. rotation (Set gobo selection on channel 7)
8	0 – 2	0	Static
	3 – 127	1 - 50	CCW slow -> fast
	128 – 252	51 - 99	CW fast -> slow
	253 – 255	100	Static
	200 200	100	Rotating gobo 1 index fine, LSB (Set gobo selection on channel 7)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Index min> max
9	0 200	0 100	Index min. > max
, and the second			Rotating gobo 1 cont. rotation (Set gobo selection on channel 7)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	No function
	0 200	0 .00	Gobo Animation wheel position
	0 – 9	0 - 3	No Effect
	10 – 19	4 - 7	Vertical position – Indexing (set index on channel 10)
	20 – 29	8 - 11	Horizontal position – Indexing (set index on channel 10)
	30 – 39	12 - 15	Vertical position – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 10)
	40 – 49	16 - 19	Horizontal position – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 10)
	50 – 139	20 - 54	Animation wheel scroll position (Vertical -> Horizontal) – Indexing (set index
	30 - 139	20 - 34	on channel 11)
	140 – 229	55 - 89	Animation wheel scroll position (Horizontal -> Vertical) – Cont. Rot. (set
10			dir/speed on channel 11)
	230 – 235	90 - 92	No Effect
			Gobo Animation MACROS
	236 - 239	93	Macro 1
	240 – 243	94 - 95	Macro 2
	244 – 247	96	Macro 3
	248 – 251	97 - 98	Macro 4
	252 – 255	99 - 100	Macro 5
			Gobo Animation wheel index (Set position on channel 10)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Index min> max
4.4			Gobo Animation wheel cont. rotation (Set position on channel 10)
11	0 – 2	0	Static
	3 – 127	1 - 50	CCW slow -> fast
	128 – 252	51 - 99	CW fast -> slow
	253 – 255	100	Static
			Effect selection
	0	0	Open
	1 – 234	1 - 91	Variable Frost min> max.
12	235 – 242	92 - 95	Effect 1
	243 – 250	96 - 98	Effect 2
	251 – 255	99 - 100	Open
			Iris
	0 – 199	0 - 77	Open - > close
	200 – 215	78 - 84	Close
	216 – 229	85 - 89	Pulse opening fast - > slow
13	230 – 243	90 - 94	Pulse closing fast - > slow
	244 – 246	95 - 96	Random pulse opening fast
	247 – 249	95 - 96	Random pulse opening last Random pulse opening slow
	250 – 252	98 - 99	Random pulse closing fast
	250 – 252 253 – 255	100	Random pulse closing last Random pulse closing slow
	200 – 200	100	
4.4			Framing MACRO functions
14	0 – 2	0 - 1	No Macro Resourced for MACROs
	3 – 255	2 - 100	Reserved for MACROs
15	0 055	0.400	Focus
	0 - 255	0 - 100	Focus far - > near
16			Zoom
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Zoom wide -> narrow
17			Framing shutter 1
17	0 – 255	0 - 100	Out -> In
			Framing shutter 1
40	0 – 126	0 - 49	Angle –
18	127 - 128	50	Parallel
	129 – 255	51 - 100	Angle +
	+		Framing shutter 2
19	0 – 255	0 - 100	Out -> In
1	1	Ι	

20	
127-128	
127-128	
21	
21 0 - 255 0 - 100 Out -> In 22 0 - 126 0 Angle -	
22	
22	
127 - 128	
127 - 128	
23	
23	
24	
24	
127 - 128	
129 - 255 100 Angle +	
25	
25	
26	
26 0 0 Max Left 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right 27 0 0 0 Max Left 127 50 Max Left 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right 28 0 0 0 Max Right Tilt coarse 128 0 0 Neutral 127 50 Neutral	
26 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right Pan fine 27 0 0 Max Left 127 50 Neutral 28 0 0 Max Right Tilt coarse Max Up Neutral Neutral Neutral	
127 50 Neutral	
27 0 0 0 Max Left 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right Tilt coarse 0 0 0 Max Up Neutral	
27 0 0 Max Left 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right Tilt coarse 8 0 0 Max Up 127 50 Neutral	
27 127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right Tilt coarse Max Up Neutral 127 50 Neutral	
127 50 Neutral 255 100 Max Right Tilt coarse 0 0 Max Up 127 50 Neutral	
28 0 0 Max Up 127 50 Neutral	
28 0 0 Max Up 127 50 Neutral	
28 127 50 Neutral	
127 50 Neutral	
255 100 Max Down	
Tilt fine	
29 0 Max Up	
127 50 Neutral	
255 100 Max Down	
Speed: Pan/Tilt Movement	
0 - 2 0 - 1 Tracking	
3 – 236 2 - 92 Speed Fast -> Slow	
237 – 239 93 Tracking (Slow speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting) 30 240 – 242 94 Tracking (Normal speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting)	
30 240 – 242 94 Tracking (Normal speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting) 243 – 245 95 Tracking (Fast speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting)	
246 – 248 96 - 97 Fan speed (Regulation, min. noise level – Overriding the FAN menu se	ttina)
249 – 251 98 Fan speed (Full speed, max. cooling – Overriding the FAN menu setting	
252 – 255 99 - 100 Blackout while moving	9)
Speed: Dimmer, Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, CTC, Effect, Iris, Focus, 2	
0 – 2 0 Tracking	JUIII
3 – 239	
240 – 242 94 - 95 Tracking (Studio mode disabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting)	
243 – 245 96 Tracking (Studio mode enabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting)	
246 – 248 97 - 98 Tracking (Shortcuts disabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting)	
249 – 251 99 Tracking (Shortcuts enabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting)	
252 – 255 100 Fast Speed	
31	
Speed: Gobo 1, Framing, Animation wheel pos., Animation wheel	rot.
0 – 2 0 Tracking	
3 – 239 1 - 93 Speed Fast -> Slow	
240 – 242 94 - 95 Tracking (Studio mode disabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting)	
243 – 245 96 Tracking (Studio mode enabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting)	
246 – 248 97 - 98 Tracking (Shortcuts disabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting)	
1 OAD OEA 1 OO 1 Taradidaa (Obrasta da a cibir di Occioni di control di Contr	
249 – 251 99 Tracking (Shortcuts enabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting) 252 – 255 100 Blackout while moving	

8-bit protocol

1	DMX channel	Value	Percent	Function Start code = 0
20 - 49 8 - 19 No function (Shutter Open)				
So - 72				
1		20 - 49	8 - 19	No function (Shutter Open)
80 - 99 32 - 39 Pulse opening last ->slow No function No funct		50 - 72	20 - 28	Strobe on fast->slow
100 - 119		73 - 79	29 - 31	Shutter open, lamp reduced to 700 W (E-ballast)
100 - 119		80 - 99	32 - 39	
120 - 127		100 - 119	40 - 47	
1 48 - 167		120 - 127	48 - 50	•
1 48 - 167		128 - 147	51 - 57	Random Strobe Fast
1 188 - 187 66 - 73 181 - 190 74 - 74 4 Nutrotion 191 - 193 75 194 - 196 76 194 - 196 76 194 - 196 76 197 - 199 77 200 - 202 78 - 79 203 - 207 80 - 81 No function 208 - 217 82 - 85 No function 208 - 217 82 - 85 No function 232 - 227 80 - 81 No function 232 - 237 90 - 93 No function 248 - 255 98 - 100 Lamp On (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Lamp Ori (Power Ori) Note: T > 5 seconds 198 - 100 Note: T > 5 secon				Random Strobe Medium
188 - 190	_			
191 - 193	1			No function
194 - 196			75	Random pulse opening fast
197 - 199				
200 - 202				
203 - 207 80 - 81 208 - 217 82 - 85 28 - 85 218 - 227 86 - 89 32 - 85 228 - 237 90 - 93 238 - 247 94 - 97 No function				· ·
208 - 217 82 - 85				· ·
218 - 227 86 - 88 No function Lamp On (Power On) No Function Lamp On (Power Off) Note: T > 5 seconds				
228 - 237 90 - 93 238 - 247 94 - 97 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 98 - 100 248 - 255 0 - 100 0 - 100% 3				
238 - 247 94 - 97 248 - 255 98 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Off) Note: T > 5 seconds				
248 - 255 98 - 100 Lamp Off (Power Off) Note: T > 5 seconds				. , ,
2				
3		2.10 200	00 100	, , ,
3 0 - 255 0 - 100 White > Cyan White > Cyan White > Magenta 7 10 - 255 0 - 100 White > Yellow White > Yellow White > CTC Rotating gobo 1 selection Open gobo	2	0 - 255	0 - 100	
4 0 - 255 0 - 100 White → Cyan 4 0 - 255 0 - 100 White → Magenta 5 0 - 255 0 - 100 White → Sellow 6 0 - 255 0 - 100 White → Sellow 6 0 - 255 0 - 100 CTC White → CTC 8 0 - 9 0 - 3 Open gobo 10 - 14 4 - 5 Gobo 1 - Indexing (set index on channel 8) 15 - 19 6 - 7 Gobo 2 - Indexing (set index on channel 8) 20 - 24 8 - 9 Gobo 3 - Indexing (set index on channel 8) 25 - 29 10 - 11 Gobo 4 - Indexing (set index on channel 8) 30 - 34 12 - 13 Gobo 5 - Indexing (set index on channel 8) 35 - 39 14 - 15 Gobo 1 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 40 - 44 16 - 17 Gobo 2 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 50 - 54 20 - 21 Gobo 4 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 50 - 54 20 - 21 Gobo 4 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 50 - 54 20 - 21 Gobo 5 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 50 - 54 20 - 21 Gobo 5 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 50 - 59 22 - 23 Gobo 5 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 60 - 74 24 - 29 Gobo 5 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8) 60 - 74 Sepperature of the sepperature o		0 200	0 100	
Section	3	0 - 255	0 - 100	•
1		0 200	0 100	•
Section Sect	4	0 255	0 100	
6 0 − 255 0 − 100 White → Yellow CTC White → CTC Po		0 – 255	0 - 100	
CTC White -> CTC White STC	5	0 055	0 400	
No. Company		0 – 255	0 - 100	
Rotating gobo 1 selection	6	0 055	0 400	
O - 9		0 – 255	0 - 100	
10 - 14				
15 - 19				, ,
20 - 24				,
25 - 29				
30 – 34				
35 – 39				,
40 - 44		30 – 34	12 - 13	Gobo 5 – Indexing (set index on channel 8)
40 - 44		25 20	14 15	Caba 1 Cant Potation (act dir/anced on abannol 9)
45 - 49			_	
So - 54		-		` ' '
S5 - 59 22 - 23 Gobo 5 - Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)				
Gobo shake (indexing) Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast Gobo 7 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast				,
7 60 - 74 75 - 89 30 - 35 Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast		oo – o9	22 - 23	Godo 5 – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 8)
7 60 - 74 75 - 89 30 - 35 Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast				Gobo shake (indexing)
75 - 89 90 - 104 36 - 41 105 - 119 42 - 46 120 - 134 47 - 52 Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast	7	60 – 74	24 - 29	` •
90 – 104 105 – 119 120 – 134 42 - 46 Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 1 slow -> fast 150 – 164 165 – 179 180 – 194 195 – 209 71 - 67 Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast Gobo 6 slow -> fast Gobo 7 slow -> fast Gobo 8 slow -> fast Gobo 9 slow -> fast				
105 - 119				
120 - 134				
Gobo shake (continuous gobo rotation) 135 – 149 150 – 164 159 - 64 165 – 179 180 – 194 195 – 209 210 – 232 S3 - 91 Gobo shake (continuous gobo rotation) Gobo 1 slow -> fast Gobo 2 slow -> fast Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation) CW slow -> fast				
135 - 149 150 - 164 150 - 164 165 - 179 180 - 194 195 - 209 180 - 232 180 -				
150 – 164 165 – 179 180 – 194 195 – 209 180 – 209 180 – 209 180 – 209 195 – 209 195 – 209 195 – 209 195 – 209 196 – 209 197 – 209 197 – 209 198 – 209 199 – 209				,
165 – 179 180 – 194 195 – 209 71 - 67 195 – 209 77 - 82 Gobo 3 slow -> fast Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation) CW slow -> fast		135 – 149	53 - 58	Gobo 1 slow -> fast
180 – 194 195 – 209 71 - 67 Gobo 4 slow -> fast Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation) CW slow -> fast		150 – 164	59 - 64	Gobo 2 slow -> fast
195 – 209 77 - 82 Gobo 5 slow -> fast Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation) CW slow -> fast		165 – 179	65 - 70	Gobo 3 slow -> fast
Gobo wheel continuous rotation (continuous gobo rotation) 210 – 232 83 - 91 CW slow -> fast		180 – 194	71 - 67	Gobo 4 slow -> fast
210 – 232 83 - 91 CW slow -> fast		195 – 209	77 - 82	Gobo 5 slow -> fast
210 – 232 83 - 91 CW slow -> fast				
233 – 255 92 - 100 CCW fast -> slow				
		233 – 255	92 - 100	CCVV tast -> slow

DMX channel	Value	Percent	Function Start code = 0
			Rotating gobo index (Set gobo selection on channel 7)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Index min> max
			Beteformuch a continutation (Out who collection as about 7)
8	0-2	0 - 1	Rotating gobo cont. rotation (Set gobo selection on channel 7) Static
	3 – 127	2 - 50	CCW slow -> fast
	128 – 252	51 - 98	CW fast -> slow
	253 – 255	99 - 100	Static
			Gobo Animation wheel position
	0 – 9	0 - 3	No Effect
	10 – 19	4 - 7	Vertical position – Indexing (set index on channel 10)
	20 – 29	8 - 11	Horizontal position – Indexing (set index on channel 10)
	30 – 39	12 - 15	Vertical position – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 10)
	40 – 49	16 - 19	Horizontal position – Cont. Rotation (set dir/speed on channel 10) Animation wheel scroll position (Vertical -> Horizontal) – Indexing (set index
	50 – 139	20 - 54	on channel 10)
9	140 – 229	55 - 89	Animation wheel scroll position (Horizontal -> Vertical) - Cont. Rot. (set
9			dir/speed on channel 10)
	230 – 235	90 - 92	No Effect
			Gobo Animation MACROS
	236 – 239	93	Macro 1
	240 – 243	94 - 95	Macro 2
	244 – 247	96	Macro 3
	248 – 251	97 - 98	Macro 4
	252 – 255	99 - 100	Macro 5
			Gobo Animation wheel index (Set position on channel 9)
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Index min> max
			Gobo Animation wheel cont. rotation (Set position on channel 9)
10	0-2	0 - 1	Static
	3 – 127	2 - 50	CCW slow -> fast
	128 – 252	51 - 98	CW fast -> slow
	253 – 255	99 - 100	Static
			Effect selection
	0	0	Open
11	1 – 234	1 - 91	Variable Frost min> max.
	235 – 242 243 – 250	92 - 94 95 - 98	Effect 1 Effect 2
	251 – 255	99 - 100	Open
	201 200	33 100	Iris
	0 – 199	0 - 78	Open - > close
	200 – 215	79 - 84	Close
	216 – 229	85 - 89	Pulse opening fast - > slow
12	230 – 243	90 - 95	Pulse closing fast - > slow
	244 – 246	96	Random pulse opening fast
	247 – 249 250 – 252	97 98	Random pulse opening slow
	250 – 252 253 – 255	98 99 - 100	Random pulse closing fast Random pulse closing slow
	200 200	55 100	Framing MACRO functions
13	0 – 2	0 - 1	No Macro
	3 – 255	2 - 100	Reserved for MACROs
	+		Focus
14	0 – 255	0 - 100	Focus far - > near
15			Zoom
15	0 – 255	0 - 100	Zoom wide -> narrow
16			Framing shutter 1
	0 – 255	0 - 100	Out -> In
			Framing shutter 1
17	0 – 126	0	Angle –
	127-128	50 100	Parallel
	129 – 255	100	Angle +
18	0 – 255	0 - 100	Framing shutter 2 Out -> In
	0 - 200	0 - 100	Framing shutter 2
	0 – 126	0	Angle –
19	127-128	50	Parallel
	129 – 255	100	Angle +
ľ	I	1	j -

DMX channel	Value	Percent	Function Start code = 0
20	0 – 255	0 - 100	Framing shutter 3 Out -> In
21	0 – 126 127-128 129 – 255	0 50 100	Framing shutter 3 Angle – Parallel Angle +
22	0 – 255	0 - 100	Framing shutter 4 Out -> In
23	0 – 126 127-128 129 – 255	0 50 100	Framing shutter 4 Angle – Parallel Angle +
24	0 - 255	0 - 100	Rotate Framing Shutters Right - > Center -> Left
25	0 127 255	0 50 100	Pan Max Left Neutral Max Right
26	0 127 255	0 50 100	Tilt Max Up Neutral Max Down
27	0 - 2 3 - 236 237 - 239 240 - 242 243 - 245 246 - 248 249 - 251 252 - 255	0 - 1 2 - 92 93 94 - 95 96 97 98 99 - 100	Speed: Pan/Tilt Movement Tracking Speed Fast -> Slow Tracking (Slow speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting) Tracking (Normal speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting) Tracking (Fast speed - Overriding the PTSP menu setting) Fan speed (Regulation, min. noise level – Overriding the FAN menu setting) Fan speed (Full speed, max. cooling – Overriding the FAN menu setting) Blackout while moving
28	0 - 2 3 - 239 240 - 242 243 - 245 246 - 248 249 - 251 252 - 255 0 - 2 3 - 239 240 - 242 243 - 245 246 - 248 249 - 251 252 - 255	0 - 1 2 - 93 94 - 95 96 97 98 99 - 100 0 - 1 2 - 93 94 - 95 96 97 98 99 - 100	Speed: Dimmer, Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, CTC, Effect, Iris, Focus, Zoom Tracking Speed Fast -> Slow Tracking (Studio mode disabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting) Tracking (Studio mode enabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting) Tracking (Shortcuts disabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting) Tracking (Shortcuts enabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting) Fast Speed Speed: Gobo 1, Framing, Animation wheel pos., Animation wheel rot. Tracking Speed Fast -> Slow Tracking (Studio mode disabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting) Tracking (Studio mode enabled – Overriding the MOdE menu setting) Tracking (Shortcuts disabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting) Tracking (Shortcuts enabled - Overriding the SCUT menu setting) Blackout while moving

CONTROL MENU

Menu	Item	Options	Notes (Default settings in bold print)
AddR	-	1 -512	DMX address.
рани		8bit	Full control with coarse pan, tilt, and gobo indexing.
PSET	_	16bt	Full control with fine pan, tilt, and gobo indexing.
	CHAD	ON	Map DMX pan control to tilt channel and vice versa.
	SWAP	OFF	Normal pan and tilt control.
DAMI	DIMI	ON	Reverse DMX pan control, right → left.
PATI	PINV	OFF	Normal pan control, left → right.
	ED T N137	ON	Reverse DMX tilt control, down → up.
	TINV	OFF	Normal tilt control, up → down.
		NORM	Medium pan/tilt speed.
PTSP	-	FAST	Optimize movement for speed.
		SLOW	Optimize movement for smoothness.
C+11d		OFF	Optimize effects for speed.
stud	Stud -	ON	Optimize effects for silence.
	dISP	ON	Display remains on.
		OFF	Display extinguishes 2 minutes after last key press.
	dINT	10-100	Adjust display intensity.
	dLOF	ON	Enable DMX lamp off command.
		OFF	Disable DMX lamp off command.
	4DEG	ON	Enable DMX reset command.
	dres	OFF	Disable DMX reset command.
		OFF	No automatic lamp strike.
PERS	ALON	ON	Lamp strikes automatically within 90 seconds of power on.
		dMX	Lamp strikes if DMX is present, douses 15 mins. after it's missing.
	COUR	ON	Gobo and effect wheels turn shortest distance.
	SCUT	OFF	Gobo and effect wheel paths oscillate.
	dICU	dIM1	Smoother dimming during final 25 percent of fade out.
		dIM2	More responsive but less smooth
	TRAC	MOdE	MOd1 : Absolute delta value algorithm (for most controllers) moD2: Real delta value algorithm.
		CAL	$1-10$. Tracking samples. Increase if pan/tilt is not smooth. (Default = $\bf{6}$).
	FACT	LOAD	Return all personality settings (not calibrations) to factory defaults.
dfse	CUS1,CUS2,	LOAd	Load custom configuration.
	CUS3	SAVE	Save current configuration.

Table 2: Control menu

Control menu 45

Menu	Item	Options	Notes (Default settings in bold print)
		TOTL	Total hours of operation since fabricated.
	TIME/HRS	RSET	Hours of operation since counter reset. To reset, display counter and press [1] for 5 seconds.
		TOTL	Total hours of operation with lamp on since fabricated.
	TIME/L HR	RSET	Lamp hours since counter reset. To reset, display counter and press [1] for 5 seconds.
INFO		TOTL	Total number of lamp strikes since fabricated.
INFO	TIME/L ST	RSET	Number of lamp strikes since counter reset. To reset, display counter and press [¹] for 5 seconds.
		HEAd	Head temperature.
	TEMP	base	Base temperature.
		LAMP	Temperature in the lamp module (not the temperature of the lamp itself).
	VER	_	CPU firmware version.
dMXL	_	STCO	Decimal value of the DMX start code. The start code must be 0 for the MAC 2000 Performance II to function properly.
		dIMEFSP	DMX value (from 0 - 255) received for each channel.
	RST	_	Reset fixture.
	L ON	_	Lamp on.
	Loff	_	Lamp off.
		OPEN	Open shutter.
	SHUT	CLOS	Close shutter.
		STRF	Fast strobe.
		STRM	Medium strobe.
		STRS	Slow strobe.
	dIM	0 - 255	Dimmer.
	CYAN, MAG,YEL	0 - 255	White →Cyan/Magenta/Yellow.
	CTC	0 - 255	Color temperature correction. Cold →Warm (0-178 mireds).
MAN		OPEN	Gobo wheel. Open position.
		g1 I-g5 I	Gobo wheel. Indexed gobos 1→5.
		g1 g-g5 R	Gobo wheel. Rotating gobos 1→5.
		g1IS-g5IS	Gobo wheel. Indexed gobo shake 1→5.
		g1RS-g5RS	Gobo wheel Rotating gobo shake 1→5.
	GOb	CW F	Gobo wheel. Clockwise wheel rotation - fast.
		CCWF	Gobo wheel. Counter clockwise wheel rotation - fast.
		CW M	Gobo wheel. Clockwise wheel rotation - medium.
		CCWM	Gobo wheel. Counter clockwise wheel rotation - medium.
		CW S	Gobo wheel. Clockwise wheel rotation - slow.
		CCWS	Gobo wheel. Counter clockwise wheel rotation - slow.
	I/S	0 - 255	Clockwise rotation of gobo. Slow→fast.

Table 2: Control menu

Menu	Item	Options	Notes (Default settings in bold print)
		AWAY	Gobo animation wheel. Move away from optical path.
		VL 0 - 9	Gobo animation wheel. Select speed of vertical movement left.
	ANIW	VR 9 - 0	Gobo animation wheel. Select speed of vertical movement right.
		HR 0 -9	Gobo animation wheel. Select speed of horizontal movement right.
		нь 9 - 0	Gobo animation wheel. Select speed of horizontal movement left.
		F 0-F175	Effects. Variable frost 0→100%.
	EFF	EFF1	Effect 1.
		EFF2	Effect 2.
		I 0-I199	Iris - Open→Closed.
		POUT	Pulse opening.
	IRIS	PIN	Pulse closing.
		RNdO	Random pulse opening.
		RNdI	Random pulse closing.
	FOC	0 - 2 5 5	Focus - Infinity→Near.
MAN cont.	ZOOM	0 - 255	Zoom - Flood→spot.
conc.	b1I0	0 - 255	Framing shutter blade 1. Move in or out.
	b1AG	R000-R127	Framing shutter blade 1. Angle right 0 - 127.
		L000-L127	Framing shutter blade 1. Angle left 0 - 127.
	b2IO	0 - 255	Framing shutter blade 2. Move in or out.
	b2AG	R000-R127	Framing shutter blade 2. Angle right 0 - 127.
		L000-L127	Framing shutter blade 2. Angle left 0 - 127.
	b3IO	0 - 255	Framing shutter blade 3. Move in or out.
	1 2 2 6	R000-R127	Framing shutter blade 3. Angle right 0 - 127.
	b3AG	L000-L127	Framing shutter blade 3. Angle left 0 - 127.
	b4IO	0 - 255	Framing shutter blade 4. Move in or out.
	1.42.6	R000-R127	Framing shutter blade 4. Angle right 0 - 127.
	b4AG	L000-L127	Framing shutter blade 4. Angle left 0 - 127.
	PAN	0 - 255	Pan - Left→Right
	TILT	0 - 255	Tilt - Up→Down
TSEQ	_	RUN	Run a general test of all effects

Table 2: Control menu

47 Control menu

Menu	Item	Options	Notes (Default settings in bold print)
		ON	Enable pan/tilt position correction system.
	FEbA	OFF	Disable pan/tilt feedback. Setting not saved.
		ON	Enable on the fly reset of color, gobo, and effect wheels.
	EFFb	OFF	Disable on the fly reset of color, gobo, and effect wheels.
	Adj	-	See "Adjustment submenu" on page 49.
	CAL/P OF	1-255	Pan offset.
	CAL/T OF	1-255	Tilt offset.
	CAL/d OF	1-255	Dimmer offset.
	CAL/C OF	1-255	Cyan offset.
UTIL	CAL/M OF	1-255	Magenta offset.
(Press and hold	CAL/Y OF	1-255	Yellow offset.
Enterfora	CAL/CTOF	1-255	CTC offset.
few seconds	CAL/GObO	1-255	Gobo wheel offset.
to use this menu)	CAL/EFOF	1-255	Effect wheel offset.
,	CAL/IROF	1-255	Iris offset.
	CAL/FOOF	1-255	Focus offset.
	CAL/ZOOF	1-255	Zoom offset.
	dFOF	SURE	Return all offsets to the default settings.
	PCbT	LEd	PCB test for service use only.
	FANS	REG	Regulate the effect cooling fans for quieter performance. Enabling this option increases the operating temperature and thus increases wear on the components.
	2 11110	FULL	Operate cooling fans at full speed. This is the default from software version 1.4.
	UPLd	SURE	Manually set fixture to software update mode.
SMSG	Replace lamp)	Displayed when lamp hours exceed average life (750 hours).
(when Service LED is lit)	Fixture overheating		Displayed if head temperature exceeds 120° C (248° F).

Table 2: Control menu

ADJUSTMENT SUBMENU

This functions are used by Martin service technicians to adjust the fixture. This menu is located under $\mathtt{UTIL}/\mathtt{Ad}\,\mathtt{j}$.

Menu	Item	Options	Notes
RST	-	-	Reset fixture.
L ON	-	_	Strike lamp.
Loff	-	-	Douse lamp.
		OPEN	Open dimmer.
	J T N 6	Adj	Turn dimmer to adjustment position (closed mechanical stop).
	dIM	CLOS	Close dimmer.
		STRO	Strobe.
	CYAN, MAG,	MIN	Color flags out.
	YEL, CTC	MAX	Color flags in.
	GObO	TOOL	For gobo adjustment at factory.
		OPEN	Turn gobo wheel to open position.
		Adj	Turn gobo wheel to adjustment position.
	ANIW	SW P	Animation wheel switch position adjustment.
		OUT	Animation wheel out position adjustment.
		VER	Animation wheel vertical position adjustment.
HEAd		HOR	Animation wheel horizontal position adjustment.
HEAG	EFF	TOOL	For effect wheel adjustment at factory.
		OPEN	Turn effect wheel to open position.
		Adj	Turn effect wheel to adjustment position.
	IRIS	OUT	Iris out.
		IN	Iris in.
		Adj	Beam adjustment.
	bEAM	IN	Beam in.
		OUT	Beam out.
	FROT	LEFT	Frame rotation left.
	FROI	RIGH	Frame rotation right.
	FOCU	NEAR	Move focus lens to front.
	FUCU	FAR	Move focus lens to back.
	700M	NARR	Zoom to full spot.
	ZOOM	WIdE	Zoom to full flood.

Table 3: Adjustment menu

Menu	Item	Options	Notes
	-	NEUT	Move pan and tilt to neutral positions.
PATI		PNTd	Pan neutral, tilt down.
		PNTU	Pan neutral, tilt up.
		PLTN	Pan left, tilt neutral.
		PRTN	Pan right, tilt neutral.
		PLTd	Pan left, tilt down.
		PRTU	Pan right, tilt up.

Table 3: Adjustment menu

DISPLAY MESSAGES

Message	Appears when	What to do	
RST (Reset)	the fixture is indexing effects at startup.	Wait for reset to complete.	
SRST (Serial reset)	the fixture has received a reset command from the controller.	Wait for reset to complete. Set PERS/dRES to off to prevent accidental reset commands.	
HOME	the effects have been indexed and are moving to their default positions.	Wait a few moments.	
OPEN	the lamp access cover is not fully closed.	Verify that the lamp access cover is locked in place.	
LERR (Lamp error)	the lamp doesn't ignite within 10 minutes of receiving the 'Lamp ON' command. Likely reasons are a missing or defective lamp, or insufficient AC voltage.	Check the lamp. Check that the voltage and frequency settings match the local supply.	
MERR (Memory error)	the EEPROM memory cannot be read.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
ShER (Short error)	the fixture detects the lamp is ON but no 'Lamp ON' command has been received. This can occur if the lamp relay is stuck or if the lamp-power feedback circuit fails. The fixture may be operated but remote lamp on	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
bTER (Base temperature error) HTER (Head temperature error)	there is a fault with the temperature sensor in the base or head.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
FbEP (Feedback error pan) FbET (Feedback error tilt) FbER (Feedback error pan/tilt)	pan (FbEp), tilt (FbET) or both (FbER) feedback circuits are malfunctioning. It will still be possible to operate the fixture, though it goes into a "safe" mode where maximum speed is reduced, thus preventing the fixture from losing track of its home position (losing step).	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
PAER (Pan time-out) TIER (Tilt time-out) CYER (Cyan time-out) MAER (Magenta time-out) YEER (Yellow time-out) CTER (CTC time-out) FOER (Focus time-out) ZOER (Zoom time-out)	the electric indexing circuit is malfunctioning. The fixture will, after the time-out, establish a mechanical stop, and continue to work normally.	Reset fixture again. Contact Martin service personnel if problem continues.	
gOER (Gobo wheel time-out) gRER (Gobo wheel rotation time-out) aPER (Animation wheel position time-out) aRER (Animation wheel rotation time-out) EFER (Effect wheel time-out) RFER (Frame rotation index time-out)	the magnetic-indexing circuit malfunctions (e.g. sensor defective or magnet missing). After the time-out, the effect in question stops in a random position.	Reset fixture again. Contact Martin service personnel if problem continues.	
S3SC S4SC S5SC S6SC S7SC S9SC S9SC S10S S11S S12S	an effect does not move away from the index position under reset, a sensor or micro-switch circuit is shorted, or a micro-switch is stuck or connected incorrectly.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
RAME	there is an on board RAM memory error.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	
OPER	there is an on-board programming error.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.	

Table 4: Display messages

Message	Appears when	What to do
L1ER	light sensor 1 is in error status.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.
THER	there is a thermoswitch error or a jumper on PL47 error.	Contact Martin service personnel for assistance.

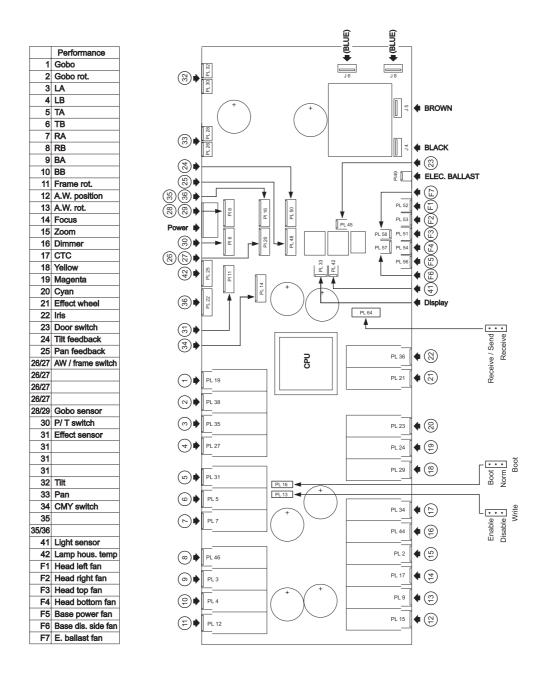
Table 4: Display messages

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Probable cause(s)	Remedy
	No power to fixture.	Check that power is switched on and cables are plugged in.
One or more of the fixtures is completely dead.	Primary fuse blown (located near mains inlet).	Disconnect fixture and replace fuse.
	Secondary fuse(s) blown (located on PCB inside base).	Disconnect fixture. Check fuses on PCB and replace.
Fixtures reset correctly but respond erratically or not at all to the controller.	Bad data link.	Inspect connections and cables. Correct poor connections. Repair or replace damaged cables.
	Data link not terminated.	Insert termination plug in output jack of the last fixture on the link.
	Incorrect addressing of the fixtures.	Check fixture address and protocol settings.
	One of the fixtures is defective and disturbs data transmission on the link.	Bypass one fixture at a time until normal operation is regained: unplug the XLR in and out connectors and connect them directly together. Have the fixture serviced by a qualified technician.
	XLR pin-out on fixtures does not match (pins 2 and 3 reversed).	Install a phase-reversing cable between the fixtures or swap pins 2 and 3 in the fixture that behaves erratically.
Magnetically indexed effect resets correctly but wanders after fixture reaches operating temperature.	Effect wheel requires mechanical adjustment.	Disable effects feedback (page 16). Contact Martin technician for service.
Mechanical effect loses position.	Mechanical train requires cleaning, adjustment, or lubrication.	Contact Martin technician for service.
No light and "LERR" error message displayed.	Lamp blown	Disconnect fixture and replace lamp.
	Lamp not installed	Disconnect fixture and install lamp.
	Lamp access safety switch open	Verify that lamp access plate is fully seated and locked in place.
Lamp cuts out intermittently.	Fixture is too hot.	Allow fixture to cool. Clean air filters. Reduce ambient room temperature.

Table 5: Troubleshooting

CIRCUIT BOARD CONNECTIONS



SPECIFICATIONS MAC 2000 PERFORMANCE II

PHYSICAL
Length: 408 mm (16.0 in) Width: 490 mm (19.3 in) Height: 743 mm (29.3 in) Weight: 39.5 kg (87 lbs)
Source
Lamp:1200 W short arc dischargeBase:Double-ended SFc 10-4 with keyApproved models:Osram HMI 1200 W/S Short-ArcControl:automatic and remote, hot re-strikeBallast:electronicLow voltage power supplyelectronic auto-ranging, or manually set
THERMAL
Maximum ambient temperature (Ta):40° C (104° F)Maximum surface temperature:140° C (284° F)Total heat dissipation:ca. 5120 Btu/hr
PHOTOMETRICS
Light output:
ELECTRICAL
AC input: 3 m trailing cable w/o cord cap Operating ranges: 100-130/200-260 V, 50/60 Hz Ballast: electronic Power supply auto-ranging Main fuses (x 2 - when local AC supply is 208 - 250 V) 15 A Main fuses (x 2 - when local AC supply is 100 - 120 V) 7 20 A Fuse F101: 7 6.3 A Fuse F102: 7 10 A Fuse F103: 7 3.15 A Fuse F104: 7 3.15 A
MAXIMUM POWER AND CURRENT
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Gobos
Outside diameter:

GOBO ANIMATION WHEELS

Outside diameter:
Image outer diameter:
Image inner diameter:
Thickness:
Construction:
Construction.
CONTROL AND PROGRAMMING
CONTROL AND PROGRAMMING
Protocol: USITT DMX-512
Control channels:
Receiver: Opto-isolated RS-485
Data I/O:locking 3-pin & 5-pin XLR, pin 1 shield, pin 2 cold (-), pin 3 hot (+)
Setting and addressing: LED control panel, remote w/ MP-2 uploader
Pan/tilt resolution:
Gobo indexing:
Movement control: tracking and vector
Software installation: serial upload (MUF)
2000 april april (1101)
ELECTROMECHANICAL EFFECTS
0.1004
Cyan:
Magenta:
Yellow:
Color correction:
Gobo animation wheel:
Gobo wheel:
Four-blade framing system:
Effect wheel:
Irismotorized
Dimmer/shutter:
Focus:
Zoom:
Pan:
Tilt:
DESIGN STANDARDS
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20 INSTALLATION
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20 INSTALLATION
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45°
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: .IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45°
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: INSTALLATION INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: ORDERING INFORMATION any MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: p/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: p/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Cloud gobo (E size): P/N 43036008
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance II in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Rediatic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Rediatic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Radial breakup gobo animation wheel (installed): P/N 62400211
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: any 2 MAC 2000 Performance II in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Radial breakup gobo animation wheel (installed): P/N 62400211 Cloud breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400211 Cloud breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400213
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: P/N 90205460 2 MAC 2000 Performance IIs in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Cloud gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Radial breakup animation wheel (installed): P/N 62400211 Dot breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400213 Dot breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400213
EU EMC: EN 50 081-1, EN 50 082-1 EU safety: EN 60598-1, EN 60598-2-17 Canadian safety: CSA C22.2 No. 166 US safety: ANSI/UL 1573 CONSTRUCTION Housing: UV-resistant fiber-reinforced composite Colors: black Protection factor: IP 20 INSTALLATION Mounting points: 8 pairs of 1/4-turn locks, offset 45° Orientation: any ORDERING INFORMATION MAC 2000 Performance II in a 1-unit flight case: any 2 MAC 2000 Performance II in a 2-unit flight case: P/N 90205450 INCLUDED ITEMS 2 x Omega bracket, 1/4-turn User manual: P/N 35000103 Realistic stars gobo (E size): P/N 43036008 Radial breakup gobo animation wheel (installed): P/N 62400211 Cloud breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400211 Cloud breakup animation wheel: P/N 62400213

ACCESSORIES

Linear breakup gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400223
Triangle break gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400225
Elliptical breakup gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400221
Flicker wheel gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400222
Coarse radial breakup gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400224
Coarse tangential breakup gobo animation wheel	P/N 62400226
MP-2 Uploader:	P/N 90758420
G-clamp:	P/N 91602003
Half-coupler clamp	P/N 91602005
"The Wife" DMX Tester	P/N 91611038